

me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.

Nominee: Richard E. Hecklinger.

Post: Bangkok.

Contributions, Amount, Date, and Donee.

1. Self, none.
2. Spouse, none.
3. Children and spouses names, none.
4. Parents names, Dorothy K. Hecklinger, none, Clarence F. Hecklinger (deceased).
5. Grandparents names, all deceased.
6. Brothers and spouses names, Fred and Margaret Hecklinger, none.
7. Sisters and spouses names, none.

Theodore H. Kattouf, of Maryland, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the United Arab Emirates.

The following is a list of all members of my immediate family and their spouses. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.

Nominee: Theodore H. Kattouf.

Post: United Arab Emirates.

Contributions, Amount, Date, and Donee.

1. Self, Theodore H. Kattouf, none.
  2. Spouse, Jeannie M. Kattouf, none.
  3. Children and spouses, Jennifer Morningstar, none, Jack Morningstar, none, Jonathan Kattouf, none, Paul Kattouf, none, Michael Kattouf, none.
  4. Parents, Habab Kattouf, deceased, Victoria Kattouf, none.
  5. Grandparents, all deceased.
  6. Brothers and spouses, George Kattouf, none, Melanie (Noel) Kattouf, none, Greg Kattouf, none.
  7. Sisters and spouses, Sylvia Hanna, none, Nicholas Hanna, none.
- Bert T. Edwards, of Maryland, to be Chief Financial Officer, Department of State.
- David G. Carpenter, of Virginia, to be an Assistant Secretary of State.
- David G. Carpenter, of Virginia, to be Director of the Office of Foreign Missions, and to have the rank of Ambassador during his tenure of service.

Charles F. Kartman, of Virginia, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, for the rank of Ambassador during his tenure of service as Special Envoy for the Korean Peace Talks.

William B. Milam, of California, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

Nominee: William B. Milam.

Post Ambassador to Pakistan.

The following is a list of all members of my immediate family and their spouses. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.

*Contributions, amount, date, and donee.*

1. Self, none.
2. Spouse (separated), none.
3. Children and spouses names, Erika L. Milam, none.
4. Parents names, Burl V. Milam deceased 1963; Alice V. Milam (nee Pierce), deceased 1977.
5. Grandparents names, William A. Pierce, deceased 1951; Martha Ellen, Ellen (Covels), deceased 1940; Alfred Milam, deceased 1938; Grace (Eads) Milam, deceased ca. 1946.

6. Brothers and spouses names, Robert D. Milam, none; Joyce N. Milam, none; Carlin R. Milam, none; and Howard P. Milam, none; Doris N. Milan, none.

7. Sisters and spouses names, no sisters.

Mary Beth West, of the District of Columbia, a Career Member of the Senior Executive Service, for the rank of Ambassador during her tenure of service as Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for Oceans, Fisheries and Space.

Jonathan H. Spalter, of the District of Columbia, to be an Associate Director of the United States Information Agency.

Hugh Q. Parmer, of Texas, to be an Assistant Administrator of the Agency for International Development.

(The above nominations were reported with the recommendation that they be confirmed, subject to the nominees' commitment to respond to requests to appear and testify before any duly constituted committee of the Senate.)

Mr. HELMS. Madam President, for the Committee on Foreign Relations, I also report favorably two nomination lists in the Foreign Service which were printed in full in the RECORDS of June 18, 1998 and July 15, 1998, and ask unanimous consent, to save the expense of reprinting on the Executive Calendar, that these nominations lie at the Secretary's desk for the information of Senators.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

(The nominations ordered to lie on the Secretary's desk were printed in the RECORDS, of June 18, 1998 and July 15, 1998, at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

In the Foreign Service nomination beginning Homi Jamshed, and ending Joseph E. Zadrozny, Jr., which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the RECORD of June 18, 1998.

In the Foreign Service nominations beginning Robert James Bigart, Jr., and ending Carol J. Urban, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the RECORD of July 15, 1998.

#### INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second time by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. DORGAN:

S. 2345. A bill to amend section 3681 of title 18, United States Code, relating to the special forfeiture of collateral profits of a crime; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ALLARD (for himself, Mr. D'AMATO, Mr. FAIRCLOTH, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. ENZI, Mr. BENNETT, Mr. MACK, Mr. SHELBY, and Mr. GRAMS):

S. 2346. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand S corporation eligibility for banks, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. HARKIN:

S. 2347. A bill to provide for a coordinated effort to combat methamphetamine abuse, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

By Mr. BURNS:

S. 2348. A bill to amend the Communications Act of 1934 to reduce telephone rates, provide advanced telecommunications services to schools, libraries, and certain health care facilities, and for other purposes; to the

Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

By Mr. MCCAIN:

S. 2349. A bill to authorize appropriations for the hazardous materials transportation program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

By Mr. SPECTER (for himself and Mr. SANTORUM):

S. 2350. A bill to clarify the application of toll restrictions to Delaware River Port Authority bridges; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

#### SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. COVERDELL (for himself, Mr. CRAIG, and Mr. ENZI):

S. Con. Res. 109. A concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress that executive departments and agencies must maintain the division of governmental responsibilities between the national government and the States that was intended by the framers of the Constitution, and must ensure that the principles of federalism established by the framers guide the executive departments and agencies in the formulation and implementation of policies; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

#### STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. DORGAN:

S. 2345. A bill to amend section 2681 of title 18, United States Code, relating to the special forfeiture of collateral profits of a crime; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

FEDERAL SON OF SAM LEGISLATION

Mr. DORGAN. Mr. President, today, I am introducing a bill to correct problems with the Federal "Son of Sam" law, as those problems were perceived by the United States Supreme Court. The New York statute analyzed by the Supreme Court, as well as the Federal statute which I seek to amend, forfeited the proceeds from any expressive work of a criminal, and dedicated those proceeds to the victims of the perpetrator's crime. Because of constitutional deficiencies cited by the Court, the Federal statute has never been applied, and without changes, it is highly unlikely that it ever will be. Without this bill, criminals can become wealthy from the fruits of their crimes, while victims and their families are exploited.

The bill I now introduce attempts to correct constitutional deficiencies cited by the Supreme Court in striking down New York's Son of Sam law. In its decision striking down New York's law, the Court found the statute to be both over inclusive and under inclusive: Over inclusive because the statute included all expressive works, no matter how tangentially related to the crime; under inclusive because the statute only included expressive works, not other forms of property.